# Software Lab:

# Surrogate model for single layer simulation of Selective Laser Melting (SLM)

Time: 0.26 s Slab: 109

### Description

Selective Laser Melting (SLM) is one type of metal additive manufacturing technique, that melts and fuses layers of metal to form the final part using a high power-density laser. Performing simulation of this process, capturing the high gradient of temperature around the laser demands huge computational power, even for a small volume. In order to reduce the computational effort, a surrogate modelling strategy to predict the temperature field, or to accelereate high-fidelity FEM simulation is explored using three ML/model-reduction techniques : Neural network, POD and SINDy.

High-fidelity FEM simulation of single layer SLM

## Task

With the single-layer high-fideltiy FEM simulation results (temperature field) for different laser scan strategies, a surrogate model using Neural network, POD and SINDy have to be developed/explored. Temperature fields to train the model will be provided. Following are the estimated tasks

- Data analysis of the temperature fields
- Develop, train a neural network (possibly CNN) and and analyse its accuracy in predicting accurate temperature values for different spatial, temporal and laser scanning data
- Study and apply Proper orthogonal decomposition on the temperature fields-snapshots and analyse its accuracy
- Explore the possibility of discovering the PDE out of the given temperature field dataset

## Supervisor

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### References

- 1. Paul, Arindam, et al. "A real-time iterative machine learning approach for temperature profile prediction in additive manufacturing processes." 2019 IEEE International Conference on Data Science and Advanced Analytics (DSAA). IEEE, 2019.
- 2. de Gooijer, Boukje M., et al. "Evaluation of POD based surrogate models of fields resulting from nonlinear FEM simulations." Advanced Modeling and Simulation in Engineering Sciences 8.1 (2021): 1-33.



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